

Table 1. Resistance Criteria for Washington State MDRO Surveillance

Genus/species	Antibiotic Susceptibility Criteria
<p><i>CR-E. coli</i> <i>CR-Klebsiella spp.</i> <i>CR-Enterobacter spp.</i></p>	<p>Resistant to ≥ 1 carbapenem: MIC ≥ 4 mcg/ml for meropenem, imipenem, and doripenem OR MIC ≥ 2 mcg/ml for ertapenem OR Kirby-Bauer zone of inhibition diameter ≤ 19 mm for meropenem, imipenem, and doripenem OR Kirby-Bauer zone of inhibition diameter ≤ 18 mm for ertapenem</p> <p>AND/OR</p> <p>Resistant to colistin: MIC ≥ 4 μg/ml</p>
<p><i>CR-Pseudomonas spp.</i></p>	<p>Resistant to ≥ 1 carbapenem: MIC ≥ 8 μg/mL for any carbapenem OR Kirby-Bauer zone of inhibition diameter ≤ 15 mm for any carbapenem</p> <p>AND/OR</p> <p>Resistant to colistin: MIC ≥ 4 μg/ml</p>
<p><i>CR-Acinetobacter spp.</i></p>	<p>Resistant to ≥ 1 carbapenem: MIC ≥ 8 μg/mL for any carbapenem OR Kirby-Bauer zone of inhibition diameter ≤ 14 mm for doripenem and meropenem OR Kirby-Bauer zone of inhibition diameter ≤ 18 mm for imipenem</p> <p>AND/OR</p> <p>Resistant to colistin: MIC ≥ 4 μg/ml</p>

Source: Washington State Department of Health, Communicable Disease Epidemiology